Resistance wire RD 100/1,2



Advantages

Constant in specific resistance

Influence of the temperature or inherent heating on the resistance value practically insignificant (max. 0.8 % at 100 °C temperature rise)

Firmly adhering surface oxide coating withstands any temperature change and protects against further oxidation under continuous load $% \left({\left[{{{\rm{D}}_{\rm{T}}} \right]} \right)$

Very easy to machine thanks to softness and malleability

Suitable for soft soldering, hard soldering or welding

Applications

Resistance wire for the production of technical resistances, shunts and for general laboratory needs.

Approvals



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Resistance wire RD 100/1,2

Туре	RD 100/1,2		Туре	RD 100/1,2
Operating data		0	Operating data	
Current intensity for wire temperature (100°C) Current intensity for wire temperature (200°C) Current intensity for wire temperature (300°C) Resistance Specific electrical resistance	5.300 A	<u> </u>	Highest wire temperature Mean linear coefficient of thermal expansion	to 600 °C
	8.850 A			13.5x10-6
	12.000 A	ta	between 20 - 100 °C	
	0.433 Ω⁄ m	qa	Mean temperature coefficient of resistance at 20 °C	0.00004-0.00008
	0.49 (Ωx mm²)/m		L L	1220-1270 °C
		chanical	Measures and weights	
			Wire diameter	1.20 mm
		Mec	Weight	0.10 kg
		2	Notes	
			Notes	The specified wire temperatures apply for blank Isotan wires, especially unclamped in still air. Oxidized wires have a higher radiated temperature. The current load precisely requir for a defined temperature can ultimately only



for a defined temperature can ultimately only be explicitly determined for the relations and requirements on the customer side for the

specified intended use.